

### MAXIMIZING PLANT CAPACITY A BIOMAG<sup>®</sup> IMPLEMENTATION FLOYD BRANCH REGIONAL WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT

Roshan Thapa, NTMWD Noel Pattengale, Arcadis Tongren Zhu, Arcadis January 25, 2019



NORTH TEXAS MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT



### **Project Background - FBRWWTP**

### **BioMag<sup>®</sup> Fundamentals**

. .

\*=

Ъ

### **Pilot Set-Up and Schedule**

### **Results and Recommendations**





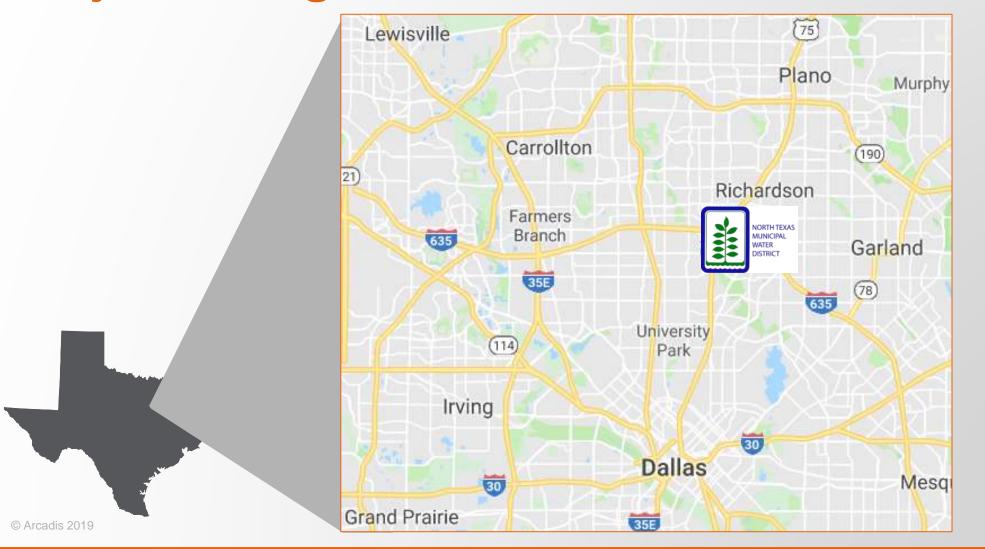
# **Project Background**







### **Project Background – FBRWWTP**







### **Project Background – FBRWWTP**



- Location: City of Richardson
- Permitted Flow
  - AADF: 4.75 MGD
  - P2HF: 10 MGD
- Treatment Process
  - Trickling Filter Train (2.5 MGD)
  - Conventional Activated Sludge Train (2.25 MGD)
- Key Features
  - 1986 Expansion
  - 2009 Improvements
  - 2012 Odor Control Improvements
  - 2014 UV Improvements





## **Project Scope**

# Evaluation of the Plant to maintain current and future operations

- Condition Assessment and Scenario Planning
- Determination of improvements needed
  - Conventional Activated Sludge Expansion
  - Membrane Biological Reactors (MBRs)
  - BioMag<sup>®</sup> System

		Alt. 1 – Conventional AS		Alt. 2 – Parallel MBR Treatment Train		Alt. 3 – <u>BioMag</u> <sup>®</sup> System	
Criteria	Priority Weight*	Assigned Value**	Weighted Value***	Assigned Value**	Weighted Value***	Assigned Value**	Weighted Value***
Reliability	7	4	28	3	21	2	14
Safety	6	2	12	3	18	3	18
Constructability	5	4	20	1	5	2	10
Complexity	4	2	8	3	12	3	12
Maintenance	3	2	6	3	9	3	9
Regulatory	2	1	2	3	6	3	6
Expandability	1	5	5	2	2	3	3
Totals		81		73		72	





### **Pilot Scope**

### BioMag<sup>®</sup> Pilot

- Evaluate the biological treatment configuration
- Evaluate the treatment capacities
- Evaluate anticipated effluent quality
- Evaluate treatment chemistry/chemical doses
- Evaluate mixing requirements in basins and channels







# **BioMag® Fundamentals**







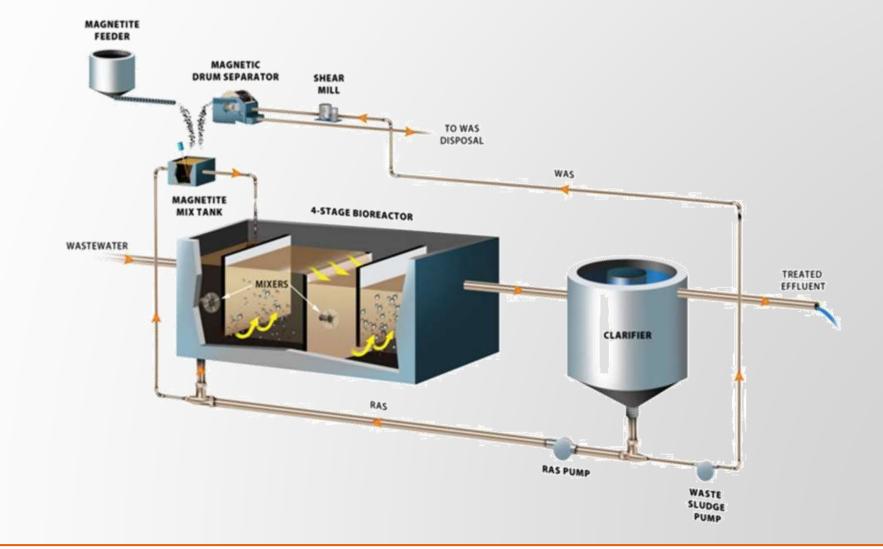
### **Project Background – BioMag**<sup>®</sup>

- Manufacturer: Evoqua Water Technologies
- Principle: Enhanced existing secondary treatment system with magnetite ballast
  - Enhance settleability of MLSS
  - Increase solids loading in secondary clarifiers
  - Increase MLSS in aeration basin to increase treatment capacity
- Benefits:
  - Increased Treatment Capacity without Additional Aeration Basins and Clarifiers





## The BioMag<sup>®</sup> process







# **Pilot Set-Up and Schedule**



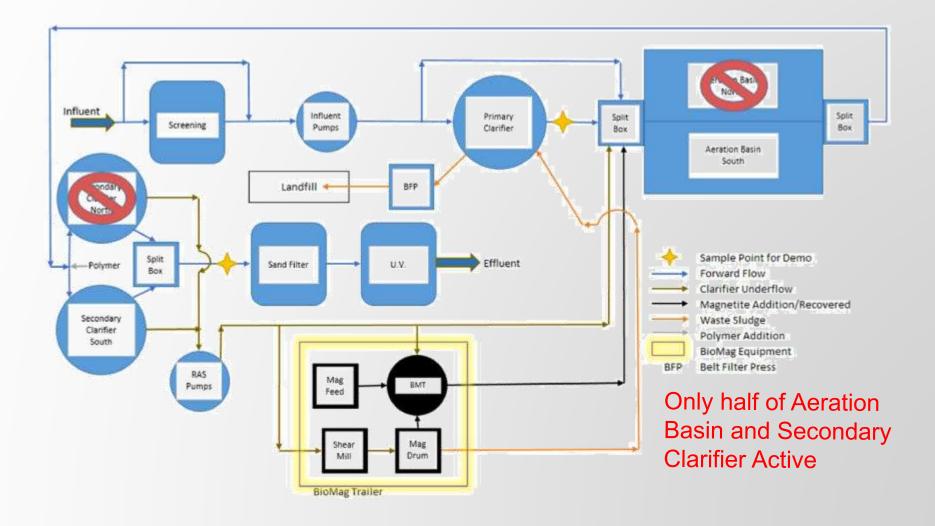




NORTH TEXAS MUNICIPAL WATER

DISTRICT

## **BioMag® Pilot Set-Up**





# **BioMag® Pilot Set-Up**







### **Pilot Schedule**

### Total Duration: Aug 30 to Dec 6, 2017 (~4 months)

	AUG	SEPT	ОСТ	NOV
Pilot Trailer Arrival and Setup:				
System Start-Up:				
Testing Period:				
Stress Test I/ P2H1:			Nov 8 (5.9 MG equals 11.7 MGD full pla	
Stress Test II / P2H2:			Nov 17 (7.2 MG 14.3 MGD	D, equals till plant)



ARCADIS Design & Consultancy for natural and built assets

### BioMag<sup>®</sup> WAS Feed from RAS Blind Flange





#### Magnetite Dosing

Shear Mill







Mag Drum



**Ballast Mix Return** 





# **Results and Recommendations**







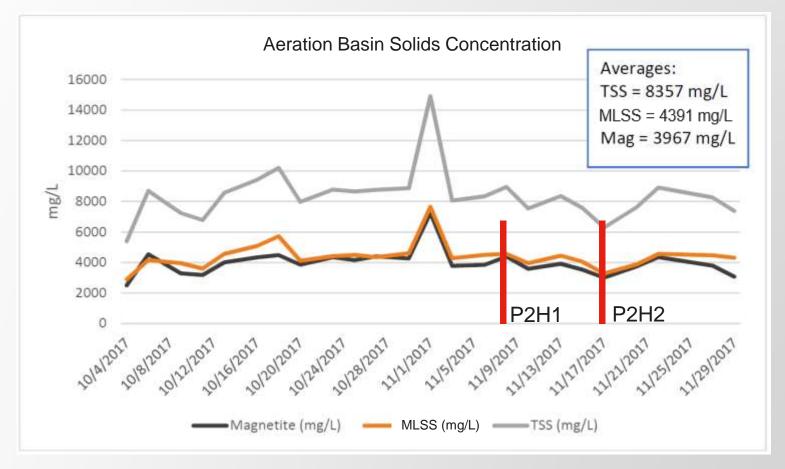
## **Floyd Branch Discharge Permit**

Parameter	Daily Ave (mg/L)	7-day Ave (mg/L)	Daily Max (mg/L)	Single Grab (mg/L)
cBOD <sub>5</sub>	10	15	25	35
TSS	15	25	40	60
NH <sub>3</sub> -N (Mar-Nov)	2	4	10	15
NH <sub>3</sub> -N (Dec-Feb)	4	6	10	15





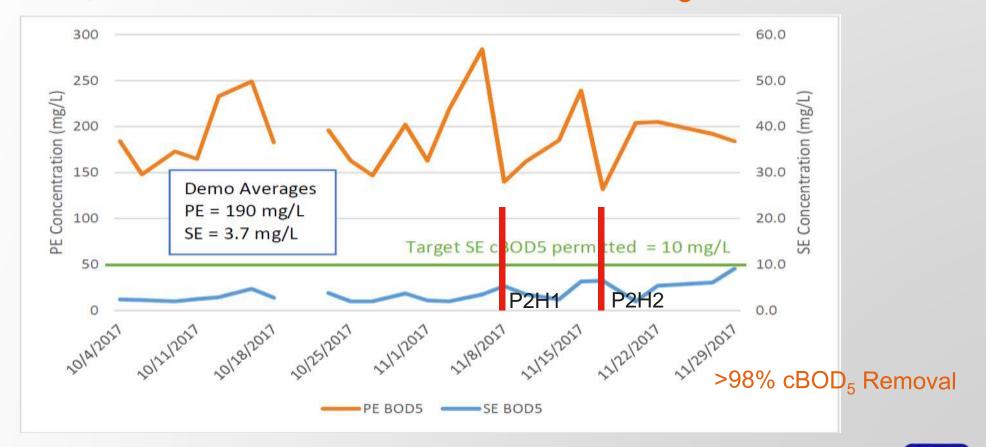
### **Solids Concentration in Aeration Basin**







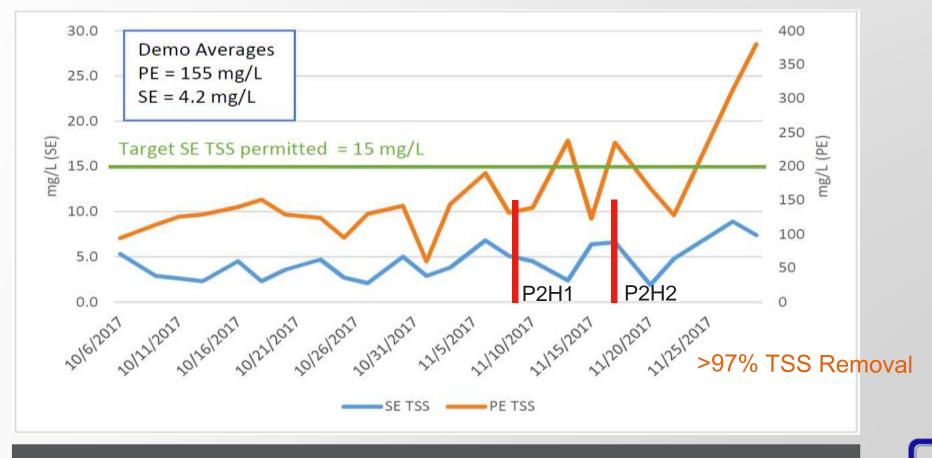
### **Secondary Effluent Results – cBOD**<sub>5</sub>



cBOD<sub>5</sub> was always lower than 10 mg/L and meet discharge limit



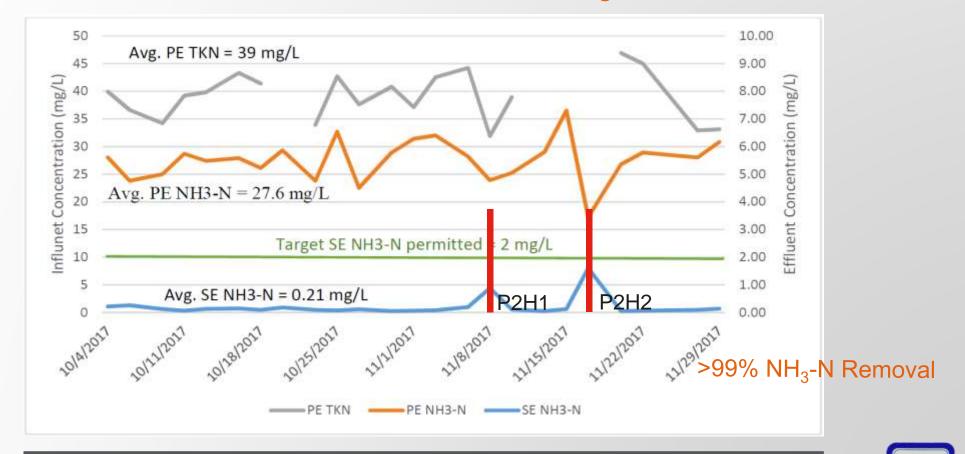
### **Secondary Effluent Results – TSS**







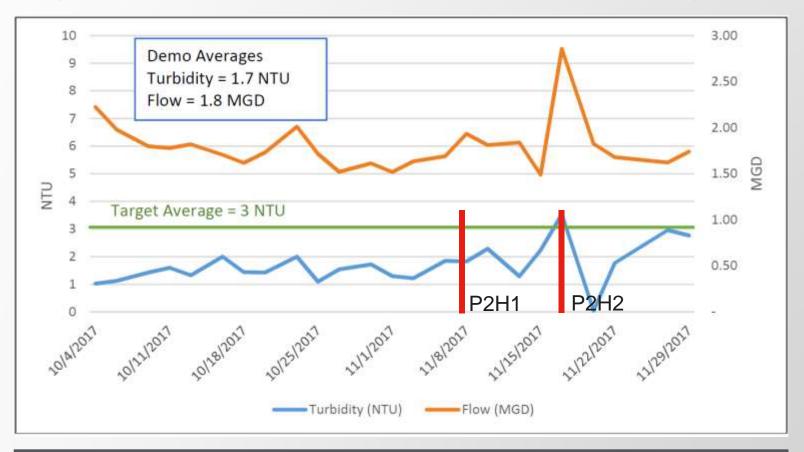
## **Secondary Effluent Results – NH<sub>3</sub>-N**



NH<sub>3</sub>-N was always lower than 2 mg/L and met discharge limit



### **Secondary Effluent Results – Turbidity**



#### Only one single point exceeded turbidity target of 3 NTU





### **Secondary Effluent Data Summary**

Parameter	Permit Daily Ave	Permit 7-day Ave	Pilot Ave Result	
cBOD <sub>5</sub> (mg/L)	10	15	3.7	
TSS (mg/L)	15	25	4.2	
NH <sub>3</sub> -N (mg/L) (Mar-Nov)	2	4	0.04	
NH <sub>3</sub> -N (mg/L) (Dec-Feb)	4	6	0.21	





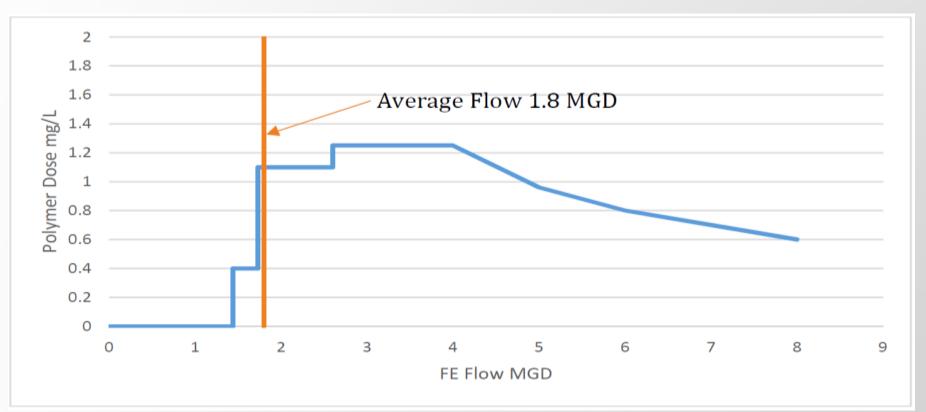
## **Stress Test Effluent Results**

Condition	Permit Daily Ave	Permit Daily Max	P2H1 (5.9 MGD)	P2H2 (7.2 MGD)
cBOD <sub>5</sub> (mg/L)	15	25	7	7.8
TSS (mg/L)	10	40	7.9	6.6
NH <sub>3</sub> -N (mg/L) (Mar-Nov)	2	10	2.17	0.598
Turbidity (NTU)	N/A	N/A	2.84	2.32





## **Polymer Use at Secondary Clarifier**



Certain polymer should be dosed based on site-specific conditions. Polymer dose gradually decreased as flow rate increased





# **Results Summary**



The Pilot demonstrated BioMag<sup>®</sup>'s ability to treat AADF and P2H with existing facilities



Clarifier overflow rate of 1430 gpd/sf and increased solids loading



The secondary effluent was consistently below the permitted parameters



The BioMag<sup>®</sup> successfully showed the ability to obtain a variance on the filter process



Full suspension of magnetite floc was maintained in the Aeration Basin





### **Recommended Optimizations**

Extend the height of the Aeration Basins baffle walls to accommodate increased flow

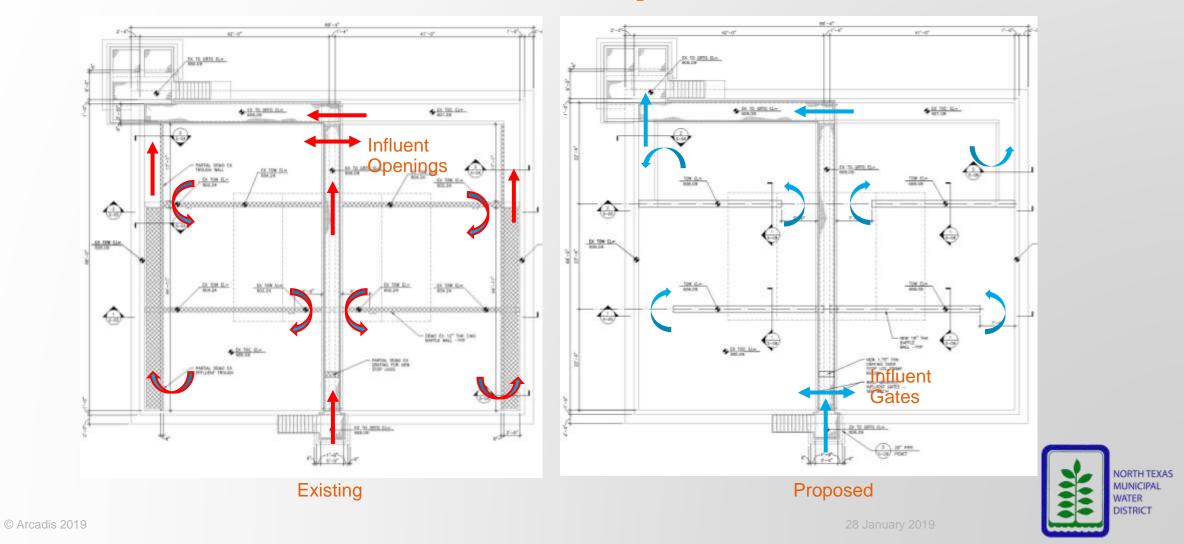
Optimize flow path to reduce settling

Consider versatility in polymer injection points to optimize the reaction time and mixing energy.

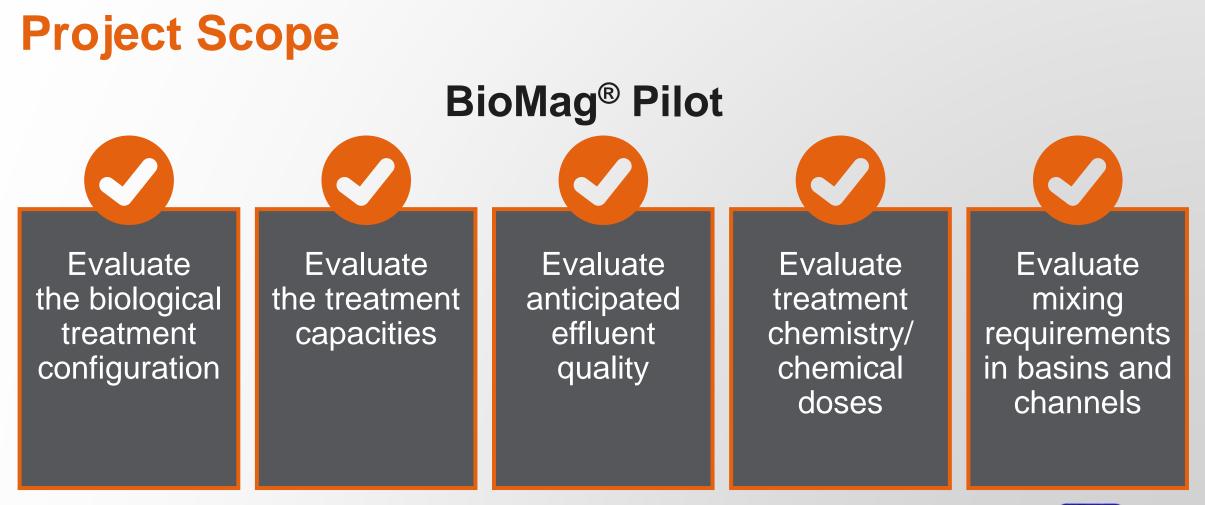




### **Aeration Basin Flow Path Optimization**











### Acknowledgement







### **Questions?**

#### **ROSHAN THAPA** Project Manager

#### o 469 626 4739

e rthapa@ntmwd.com

#### **NOEL PATTENGALE, PE** Certified Project Manager

- o 972 663 2160
- e noel.pattengale@arcadis.com

