

ALAN PLUMMER



Texas Association of Clean Water Agencies May 17, 2019



## UPPER TRINITY WATER QUALITY COMPACT

# • When: Formed 1975

# Who: Dallas, Fort Worth, Trinity River Authority, North Texas Municipal Water District

What: Address water quality issues through monitoring, studies, and working with the state to develop positive approaches to regulatory requirements



### **TRINITY RIVER PAST**

1925 Texas State Health Department report on the Trinity River,

"A stench from its inky surface putrescent with the oxidizing processes to which the shadows of overarching trees add Stygian blackness and the suggestion of some mythological river of death. ...A thing of beauty is thus transformed into one of hideous danger."



#### **TRINITY RIVER PRESENT**







#### Trinity Overlook Park - Dallas

#### Trinity Park – Fort Worth



### **TRINITY RIVER - FUTURE**

- Increasing emphasis on control of nutrients (nitrogen and phosphorous) at Federal and State level.
- Upper Trinity River is effluent dominated

# ARE PERMIT LIMITS FOR PHOSPHORUS IN THE FUTURE OF METROPLEX DISCHARGERS AND, IF SO, AT WHAT LEVEL?



#### **STUDY AREA**





### **STUDY OVERVIEW**

# **Develop Nutrient Model**

- Conduct Two Intensive Surveys During Low Flow
- Transfer WLA Hydraulics to QUAL-2K
- Calibrate and Verify QUAL-2K Quality Outputs



#### **ALGAL GROWTH**



Freshwater systems are <u>typically</u> phosphorus-limited, but <u>not all</u>.

# MONITORING RESULTS FLOW





During the 2013 and 2017 sampling events, Upper Trinity River was an effluent-dominated system.

# MONITORING RESULTS TOTAL NITROGEN





In 2017, measured TN concentrations were lower than 2013 - possibly because of dilution with baseflow and more algal uptake.

## MONITORING RESULTS TOTAL PHOSPHORUS





In 2017, measured TP concentrations were lower than 2013 - possibly because of dilution with baseflow and more algal uptake

# MONITORING RESULTS CHLOROPHYLL - A





In both 2013 and 2017, algal growth **slows down and starts to flatten out** after East Fork confluence.

# MONITORING RESULTS TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS





Upper Trinity becomes more turbid as it flows downstream.



### **MODELING RESULTS**



# MODELING RESULTS SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

- How sensitive are residual nutrient concentrations at Trinidad to WWTP nutrient reductions?
- Approach:
  - Run the following hypothetical scenarios
    - Reduce total WWTP P loads by 50%
    - Reduce total WWTP N loads by 50%
    - Reduce total WWTP N loads by 50% and P loads by 50%
  - Compare residuals at Trinidad with baseline 2017 scenario





### MODELING RESULTS SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS







# NUTRIENT MODEL CONCLUSIONS

- Algal growth in the Upper Trinity River is lightlimited
- High concentrations of inorganic suspended solids create light-limited effect
- Significant reductions in WWTP nutrient foods have limited effect on instream algae concentrations
- High nutrient residuals remain in river at Trinidad
- Effects on downstream reaches, including Lake Livingston, are unknown



### **NEXT STEPS**

- Perform cost-benefit analysis for nutrient reductions
- Conduct preliminary assessment of assimilation in reach of Trinity River between Trinidad and Headwaters of Lake Livingston